

# Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2017

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Chemistry (5CH2F) Paper 01



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#### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
   Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Quest	_	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
1 (a)	(i)	<pre>bubbles / effervescence / fizzes / {solid/zinc} {disappears/dissolves}</pre>	ignore other descriptions eg cloudy	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
1 (a) (ii)	zinc + hydrochloric → zinc + hydrogen (2) acid chloride LHS (1) RHS (1)	allow complete equation  Zn + 2HCl → ZnCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> (2) ignore 'dilute', 'gas' ignore any state symbols reject symbol for either side of equation	
		equation	(2)

	stion nber	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
1 (a)	(iii)	a description to include		
		<ul> <li>test: measure temp of liquid before and after / (use a) thermometer (1)</li> </ul>	allow feel it	
		<ul><li>result : {if temp increases /</li></ul>	ignore temp change ignore heat rises	
		becomes warmer} (1)	ignore fieut fises	
				(2)

Question number			Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
1	(a)	(iv)	decrease size of pieces of zinc / use a powder / increase surface area / OWTTE (1)	allow crush the zinc allow cut into small pieces, but ignore just cut ignore use less reject other means of changing rate eg use of catalyst	(1)

	Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
1	(b)	increases / speeds up / makes it faster (1)	reject faster time reject time gets quicker reject speeds up reaction time	
				(1)

(Total for Question 1 = 7 marks)

Question number	Answer	Marks
2 (a)	<b>D</b> 3 – 2 – 1	
	The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct because cleaning the wire must be first step (step 3)	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because cleaning the wire must be first step (step 3)	
	C is not correct because cleaning the wire must be first step (step 3)	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
2 (b)	Add dilute hydrochloric acid followed by barium chloride solution.  A white precipitate forms.  Add dilute nitric acid followed by silver nitrate solution.  A white precipitate forms.  Sulfate ion, SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-1</sup> sulfate ion, SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-1</sup> (2)  Each correct line (1)	Max 1 line from each test	(2)
			(2)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
2 (c)	KNO <sub>3</sub> / K <sup>+</sup> NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Not KNO3 / KNO <sup>3</sup> / KNo3 / KNo <sub>3</sub> / Kno <sub>3</sub> ignore brackets eg K(NO <sub>3</sub> ) (1)	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
2 (d) (i)	LHS - sodium carbonate (1) RHS – sodium sulfate (1)	ignore 'solution' ignore any state symbols RHS – sodium sulphate do not accept formulae	
			(2)

	Question number		Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
2	(d)	(ii)	<ul><li>A description including</li><li>filter / decant off liquid (1)</li></ul>	ignore sieve filter funnel alone (0) allow use of filter paper (1)	
			<ul> <li>wash (with (distilled/deionised/pure) water) (1)</li> </ul>	ignore clean	
			<ul> <li>(leave to) dry / leave in a warm place / dry in a warm oven (1)</li> <li>mps 2 and 3 depend on mp 1</li> </ul>	allow other methods such as between filter papers etc reject heat to dry/hot oven	
			mps 2 and 3 depend on mp 1	points should be credited in that order – so filter and leave to dry scores 2, wash & filter scores 1 etc ignore anything before filtration	
				Thit ation	(3)

(Total for Question 2 = 9 marks)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
3 (a)	A description to include • hydrogen <b>AND</b> oxygen (atoms) (1)	ignore H and O / bonds / elements reject molecules for 1 <sup>st</sup> mp	
	• 2(hydrogen) <b>and</b> 1 (oxygen) (1)  2 <sup>nd</sup> mp dependent on mention of hydrogen and oxygen	if mentioned only 1 element eg 2 hydrogen atoms: scores 0	(2)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
3 (b)	A description to include  • shared electron(s) (1)  • {pair of / two} (electrons) (1)  2 <sup>nd</sup> mp dependent on 1st	allow one electron from each (1) any idea of ionic = 0 allow more than one shared pair	(2)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
3 (c)	one shared pair between CI and H (1) rest of diagram correct (1)	circles do not have to be there  remaining electrons on CI either singly or paired ignore symbols even if incorrect ignore any inner shells shown  2 <sup>nd</sup> mark dependent on 1st allow all dots or all crosses	(2)

Question number		_	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
3	(d)	(i)	separating funnel	separating tube	
				ignore separator	
					(1)

Question number	Answer	Marks
3 (d) (ii)	A immiscible	
	The only correct answer is A	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because inert refers to reactivity	
	C is not correct because insoluble refers to a solid not dissolving	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because ionic is a type of bonding	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
3 (e)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking</li> <li>weak {forces/attractions} between {molecules/particles} / water is a simple molecule / simple covalent structure (1)</li> <li>little energy needed to separate {molecules/particles} (1)</li> </ul>	allow intermolecular forces ignore bonds between molecules ignore break bonds (between atoms) ignore references to temperature	(2)

(Total for Question 3 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Marks
4 (a) (i)	D precipitation	
	The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct because combustion is a reaction of a fuel	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because separation is a physical process	
	<b>C</b> is not correct because neutralisation is a reaction between an acid and an alkali	
		(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
4 (a) (ii)	$Pb(NO_3)_2$ (aq) + 2NaI (aq) $\rightarrow$ $PbI_2$ (s) + 2NaNO <sub>3</sub> (aq)		
	s (1) aq (1)	not solid not aqueous	(2)

Question number		Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
4 (a)	(iii)	23 + 14 + (16x3) (1) = (85)	85 alone (1)	(1)

	Question number		Answer		Acceptable answers	Marks
4	(a)	(iv)	<u>207</u> (= 0.45 / 0.449) 461	(1)		
			(207/461) x 100 (= 45% / 44.9%)	(1)	(any fraction) x 100 (1)	
					45 or 44.9% no working (2)	
						(2)

	Question number			Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
4	(b)	(i)	3.5 5.0	(= 0.7) (1)	70% no working (2)	
			(3.5/5.0) x 100	(= 70%) (1)	(any fraction) x 100 (1)	(2)

	Question number		Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
4	(b)	(ii)	Any two from  • loss of {reactants/products/substances/ chemicals} (during {process/transfer}) (1)	ignore impure reactants / impurities ignore spillage allow not all used up	
			<ul><li>incomplete reactions (1)</li><li>{competing/unwanted/side} reactions (1)</li></ul>	allow it could react with air (1)	
				do not allow loss of gas	(2)

(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
5 (a)	arranged by order of (relative) atomic mass / (in Mendeleev's early periodic table) gaps / fewer elements / elements in wrong place / noble gases were not present reverse arguments apply	unless specifically referred to modern table, assume answer refers to Mendeleev's table	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
5 (b) (i)	18 / eighteen		(1)

Question number		_	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
5	(b)	(ii)	He/Ne/Kr/Xe/Rn	do not accept pairs of uppercase /lowercase letters eg HE, xe ignore names and atomic number	(1)

Question number		Answer	Marks
5 (b)	) (iii)	<b>C</b> -1, 0, +1	
		The only correct answer is C	
		A is not correct because incorrect charges on neutron and proton	
		<b>B</b> is not correct because incorrect charges on electron and proton	
		<b>D</b> is not correct because incorrect charges on electron and neutron	(1)

Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
5 (c)	An explanation linking three (electrons) (1)		
	electrons in outer shell (1)	allow in outer ring / energy level	
		allow 'needs to lose 3 electrons' (1) 'to have a full outer shell' (1)	
			(2)

Question Number		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*5d	<ul> <li>An explanation to include some of the following points</li> <li>protons and neutrons in nucleus / use of diagram</li> <li>electrons in shells</li> <li>electron shells surround nucleus / use of diagram</li> <li>sodium has 3 electron shells</li> <li>fluorine has 2 electron shells</li> <li>sodium atoms lose 1 electron</li> <li>from outer shell / to obtain full outer shell</li> <li>to form {sodium ions / Na<sup>+</sup>}</li> <li>fluorine atoms gain 1 electron</li> <li>in outer shell / to obtain full outer shell</li> <li>to form {fluoride ions / F<sup>-</sup>}</li> <li>electron transfers from sodium to fluorine</li> <li>opposite ions attract</li> </ul>	
Level	0	No rewardable content (6)	
1	1 - 2	<ul> <li>a limited explanation e.g. protons and neutrons are in the nucleus.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> </ul>	
2	3 - 4	<ul> <li>a simple explanation e.g. the atomic structure of either sodium or fluorine atoms OR how ions of sodium or fluorine are formed</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>a detailed explanation e.g. the atomic structure of atoms of both elements OR how ions of both elements are formed OR atomic structure of one element and how the atom of that element forms the ion.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors</li> </ul>	

(Total for Question 5 = 12 marks)

Question number	Answer	Marks
6 (a) (i)	c @	
	The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct because symbol is for a flammable substance	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because symbol is for a corrosive substance	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because symbol is for a substance harmful to the environment	
		(1)

	Question number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
6	(a) (ii)	A description to include <ul><li>red-brown (1)</li><li>liquid (1)</li></ul>	allow dark red (mark independently)	(2)

Question number		Answer	Acceptable answers	Marks
6 (a)	(iii)	A description to include  • (indicator) turns red (1)	accept other colours such as yellow and orange showing pH<7	
		• (solution) is acidic (1)	allow pH<7	(2)

Question number	Answer	Marks
6 (b)	C They are good conductors of electricity	
	The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct because transition metals have high melting points	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because transition metals are more dense than water	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because not all transition metals are magnetic	
		(1)

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
	nber		
QWC	*6(c)	A description to include some of the following points  similarities  move about  bubbles formed  heat given out  hydrogen produced / metal + water → metal hydroxide + hydrogen  metal hydroxide solution formed / metal + water → metal hydroxide  hydrogen  purple solution if universal indicator present (accept suitable colour for other indicators)  differences  lithium, sodium and potassium float on water, rubidium and caesium sink  reactivity increases down the group	
		lithium slowly disappears	
		<ul><li>sodium forms a ball / melts</li><li>potassium burns with a lilac flame</li></ul>	
		rubidium burns with coloured flame	
		caesium explosive	(6)
Level	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	<ul> <li>A limited description of at least one metal reacting with water e.g. sodium floats on water</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> </ul>	
2	3 - 4	<ul> <li>A simple description of some relevant similarities or differences involving a limited number of these metals OR similarities between all metals OR differences between all metals</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>A detailed explanation of some similarities and differences of all three metals reacting with water including several relevant observations or suggesting how rubidium and / or caesium would behave</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of</li> </ul>	
		scientific terminology accurately	
		spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors	

(Total for Question 6 = 12 marks)

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